

Answers Ramadan Competition

Answers 1-10

Q.1

In Surah Alfatiha we recite “ ALHAMDO LELLAH RABB ALALAMEEN” According to the Holy Quran, what is the definition of “ALAMEEN.” Support your question with Ayah from Quran.

سورة الشعراء آية 23 و24

*قَالَ فِرْعَوْنُ وَمَا رَبُّ الْعَالَمِينَ

قَالَ رَبُّ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا إِنَّ كُنْتُمْ مُوقِنِينَ

In Sura 26 verse 23 and 24

Pharaoh said: "And what is the 'Lord and Cherisher of the worlds'?"

(Moses) said: "The Lord and Cherisher of the heavens and the earth, and all between, - if ye want to be quite sure."

Q.2

Which part (Juzh) of the Holy Quran contains the longest Ayah, what is the name of the Surah that contains the longest Ayah, what is the name of that Ayah?

(Juzh) number 3

name of the Surah is the Cow

the name of that Ayah is Ayat Aldayn.

Q.3

Love, Desire and comforts

In the Third part (Juzh) of the Holy Quran, the Love, Desires, and comforts for the mankind have been ranked and described in a certain sequence and importance for the transitory life of this world.

What are these Desires? Rank them according to the Ayah statement? What are the desires that remain for the righteous in Jennah? What is the over lasting comfort and desire?

رُيِّنَ لِلنَّاسِ حُبُّ الشَّهَوَاتِ مِنَ النِّسَاءِ وَالْبَنِينَ وَالْقَنَاطِيرِ الْمُقَنْطَرَةِ مِنَ الذَّهَبِ وَالْفِضَّةِ وَالْخَيْلِ الْمُسَوَّمَةِ وَالْأَنْعَامِ وَالْحَرْثِ ذَلِكَ مَتَاعُ الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا وَاللَّهُ عِنْدَهُ حُسْنُ الْمَآبِ

Women

Kids

Gold and silver

Horses

Kettle

Farm lands

Desires that remain for the righteous in Jennah are

قُلْ أُوْنِيْبِكُمْ بِخَيْرٍ مِنْ ذَلِكُمْ لِلَّذِينَ اتَّقَوْا عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ جَنَّاتٌ تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا وَأَزْوَاجٌ مُطَهَّرَةٌ وَرِضْوَانٌ مِنَ اللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ بَصِيرٌ بِالْعِبَادِ

Paradise that rivers flow underneath

Cleansed wives

Ridwan (Mercy and Bounties) from Allah

The over lasting comfort and desire is

رِضْوَانٌ مِنَ اللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ بَصِيرٌ بِالْعِبَادِ

To see Allah (Sobhanaho Wa Taala)

Q.4

The Battle of Uhud

Which ayahs in Surah Al Imran addressed the battle of Uhud? (6 ayahs or more) Muslims believe that battle of Uhud is a big victory for the muslims. Why it is a victory?

Verses 139-144

Verses 152-155

Verses 156-171

وَلَا تَهِنُوا وَلَا تَحْزَنُوا وَأَنْتُمُ الْأَعْلَوْنَ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ
إِنْ يَمَسُّكُمْ فَرَحٌ فَقَدْ مَسَّ الْقَوْمَ فَرَحٌ مِثْلُهُ وَتِلْكَ الْأَيَّامُ نُدَاوِلُهَا بَيْنَ النَّاسِ وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَيَتَّخِذُ مِنْكُمْ شُهَدَاءَ وَاللَّهُ
لَا يُحِبُّ الظَّالِمِينَ
وَلِيُمَحِّصَ اللَّهُ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَيَمْحَقَ الْكَافِرِينَ
أَمْ حَسِبْتُمْ أَنْ تُدْخَلُوا الْجَنَّةَ وَلَمَّا يَعْلَمِ اللَّهُ الَّذِينَ جَاهَدُوا مِنْكُمْ وَيَعْلَمَ الصَّابِرِينَ
وَلَقَدْ كُنْتُمْ تَمَنَّوْنَ الْمَوْتَ مِنْ قَبْلِ أَنْ تَقُوهُ فَقَدْ رَأَيْتُمُوهُ وَأَنْتُمْ تَنْظُرُونَ
وَمَا مُحَمَّدٌ إِلَّا رَسُولٌ قَدْ خَلَتْ مِنْ قَبْلِهِ الرُّسُلُ أَفَإِنْ مَاتَ أَوْ قُتِلَ انْقَلَبْتُمْ عَلَى أَعْقَابِكُمْ وَمَنْ يَنْقَلِبْ عَلَى عَقْبَيْهِ فَلَنْ يَضُرَّ اللَّهَ
شَيْئًا وَسَيَجْزِي اللَّهُ الشَّاكِرِينَ

It is a victory because it has the greatest lesson of obeying the prophet Mohamed Salla Allah Alihi Wa Salam. Because if they won the battle with the disobedience of the Archers on the mountain, then the Muslims wouldn't obey the prophet anymore.

Also, Ibn Abbas said Allah promised them Victory and said “ITH TAHOSONAHOM BEETHNEH” to overcome them.

Q.5

Association any partner with Allah.

Associating any partner with Allah is not a sin it is

UNJUST(Tholmm), and Allah will not forgive it. Which Surat in the Quran has special verses about association partner with Allah? What are the verses? What are the words that are similar to unjust in the verses?

سورة النساء أية 48 وأية 116

سورة لقمان أية 13

نص الآية	الآية	رقمها	السورة	م
إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَغْفِرُ أَنْ يُشْرَكَ بِهِ وَيَغْفِرُ مَا دُونَ ذَلِكَ لِمَنْ	48	4	النساء	1

<u>بِشَاءٍ وَمَنْ يُشْرِكْ بِاللَّهِ فَقَدْ افْتَرَىٰ إِثْمًا عَظِيمًا</u>				
<u>إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَغْفِرُ أَنْ يُشْرَكَ بِهِ وَيَغْفِرُ مَا دُونَ ذَلِكَ لِمَنْ</u>	116	4	النساء	2
<u>بِشَاءٍ وَمَنْ يُشْرِكْ بِاللَّهِ فَقَدْ ضَلَّ ضَلَالًا بَعِيدًا</u>				
<u>وَإِذْ قَالَ لَقْمَانَ لَابْنِهِ وَهُوَ يَعْطِيهِ يَا بُنَيَّ لَا تُشْرِكْ بِاللَّهِ</u>	13	31	لقمان	3
<u>إِنَّ الشِّرْكََ أَظْلَمُ عَظِيمًا</u>				

words that are similar to unjust in the verses are

To gain a great sin
To get astray very far
Great Unjust (Tholm)

Q.6

Purifications (Wudu)

There is no specific description in Quran of how to pray each Salat, but there is a specific details of how to perform purification before Salat. Which Ayah in Surah Al Ma'edah has the purification details? And What are the purification pillars according to the Ayah statement?

Surat 5 verse 6

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا إِذَا قُمْتُمْ إِلَى الصَّلَاةِ فَاغْسِلُوا وُجُوهَكُمْ وَأَيْدِيَكُمْ إِلَى الْمَرَافِقِ وَامْسَحُوا بِرُءُوسِكُمْ وَأَرْجُلَكُمْ إِلَى الْكَعْبَيْنِ وَإِنْ كُنْتُمْ جُنُبًا فَاطَّهَّرُوا وَإِنْ كُنْتُمْ مَرْضَىٰ أَوْ عَلَىٰ سَفَرٍ أَوْ جَاءَ أَحَدٌ مِنْكُم مِّنَ الْغَائِطِ أَوْ لَامَسْتُمُ النِّسَاءَ فَلَمْ تَجِدُوا مَاءً فَتَيَمَّمُوا صَعِيدًا طَيِّبًا فَامْسَحُوا بِوُجُوهِكُمْ وَأَيْدِيكُمْ مِنْهُ مَا يُرِيدُ اللَّهُ لِيَجْعَلَ عَلَيْكُمْ مِنْ حَرَجٍ وَلَكِنْ يُرِيدُ لِيُطَهَّرَكُمْ وَلِيَنبِئَكُمْ نِعْمَتَهُ عَلَيْكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ

the purification pillars according to the Ayah statement are:-

- 1- Intention
- 2- Washing the face
- 3- Washing hands till elbows
- 4- Wiping the head
- 5- Washing the legs

Q.7

Prophets (Alihem assalam)

There are 25 names of the Prophets mentioned in the Holy Quran.

Surah (Ala anaam) contains 18 names of the Prophets Alihem Assalat Wa Assalam.

Who are the Prophets whom are NOT mentioned in Surah (Ala anaam)?

وَتِلْكَ حُجَّتُنَا آتَيْنَاهَا إِبْرَاهِيمَ عَلَىٰ قَوْمِهِ نَرْفَعُ دَرَجَاتٍ مَّن نَّشَاءُ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ حَكِيمٌ عَلِيمٌ
وَوَهَبْنَا لَهُ إِسْحَاقَ وَيَعْقُوبَ كُلًّا هَدَيْنَا وَنُوحًا هَدَيْنَا مِن قَبْلُ وَمِن دُرِّيَّةٍ دَاوُدَ وَسُلَيْمَانَ وَأَيُّوبَ وَيُوسُفَ وَمُوسَىٰ
وَهَارُونَ وَكَذَلِكَ نَجْزِي الْمُحْسِنِينَ
وَزَكَرِيَّا وَيَحْيَىٰ وَعِيسَىٰ وَإِلْيَاسَ كُلٌّ مِّنَ الصَّالِحِينَ
وَإِسْمَاعِيلَ وَإِسْحَاقَ وَيُوسُفَ وَكَوْنًا فَضَلْنَا عَلَى الْعَالَمِينَ

The Prophets whom are NOT mentioned in Surah (Ala anaam) are

Mohamed (Peace be upon him)
Adam (Peace be upon him)
Saleh (Peace be upon him)
Shoaib (Peace be upon him)
Hood (Peace be upon him)
Idris (Peace be upon him)
Tho ElKefl (Peace be upon him)

Q.8

How to correct mistakes and sins:

In Surat Al-Araf verses (19-25). Adam (PUH) and his wife were told to reside in Heaven for the time, but not to eat from a specific tree.

This was a test for Adam and Eve, but Satan managed to lure them towards the tree and thus Adam and Eve slipped. However they corrected their mistake with two actions in specific order to teach all mankind how to act when they commit sins.

How did Adam and his wife correct their mistakes? What did they do first?

قَالَا رَبَّنَا ظَلَمْنَا أَنفُسَنَا وَإِن لَّمْ تَغْفِرْ لَنَا وَتَرْحَمْنَا لَنَكُونَنَّ مِنَ الْخَاسِرِينَ

Adam and his wife corrected their mistakes by

- 1- Stop eating, and covered themselves with some leaves from Jannah
- 2- Confessing the sin and regret that they did
Repent from the sin by asking Allah
Forgiveness and mercy

What did they do first?

Stop eating, and covered themselves with some leaves from Jannah

Q.9

Battles in Islam:

Surat Alnafal describes several events and depicts many scenes of an important battle (Gazwah) between the Muslmeen and the Non-believers.

What is the name of this battle?

According to Surat Alnafal, what is the name of the battle day?

In which month did this battle take place?

وَأَعْلَمُوا أَنَّمَا غَنِمْتُمْ مِنْ شَيْءٍ فَإِنَّ لِلَّهِ خُمُسَهُ وَلِلرَّسُولِ وَلِذِي الْقُرْبَىٰ وَالْيَتَامَىٰ وَالْمَسَاكِينِ وَأَيْنَ السَّبِيلِ إِن كُنْتُمْ آمَنْتُمْ بِاللَّهِ وَمَا أَنْزَلْنَا عَلَىٰ عَبْدِنَا يَوْمَ الْفُرْقَانِ يَوْمَ التَّقَىٰ الْجَمْعَانَ وَاللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ

What is the name of this battle?

Battle of Badr

According to Surat Alnafal, what is the name of the battle day?

Day of Forqan (Day of separation between truth and falshood)

In which month did this battle take place?

In Ramadan in the 17th

Q.10

Battles in Islam - 2:

Surat Altawbah mentions two battles between Muslmeen and Non-believers?

What are the names of these battles?

لَقَدْ نَصَرَكُمُ اللَّهُ فِي مَوَاطِنَ كَثِيرَةٍ وَيَوْمَ حُنَيْنٍ إِذْ أَعْجَبَتْكُمْ كَثْرَتُكُمْ فَلَمْ تُغْنِ عَنْكُمْ شَيْئًا وَضَاقَتْ عَلَيْكُمُ الْأَرْضُ بِمَا رَحُبَتْ ثُمَّ وَلَّيْتُم مُّدْبِرِينَ (25) ثُمَّ أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ سَكِينَتَهُ عَلَى رَسُولِهِ وَعَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَأَنْزَلَ جُنُودًا لَمْ تَرَوْهَا وَعَذَّبَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا وَذَلِكَ جَزَاءُ الْكَافِرِينَ (26)

فَرِحَ الْمُخَلَّفُونَ بِمَقْعَدِهِمْ خِلَافَ رَسُولِ اللَّهِ وَكَرِهُوا أَنْ يُجَاهِدُوا بِأَمْوَالِهِمْ وَأَنْفُسِهِمْ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ وَقَالُوا لَا تَنْفِرُوا فِي الْحَرِّ قُلْ نَارُ جَهَنَّمَ أَشَدُّ حَرًّا لَوْ كَانُوا يَفْقَهُونَ فَلْيَضْحَكُوا قَلِيلًا وَلْيَبْكِوْا كَثِيرًا جَزَاءً بِمَا كَانُوا يَكْسِبُونَ

لَقَدْ تَابَ اللَّهُ عَلَى النَّبِيِّ وَالْمُهَاجِرِينَ وَالْأَنْصَارِ الَّذِينَ اتَّبَعُوهُ فِي سَاعَةِ الْعُسْرَةِ مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا كَادَ يَزِيغُ قُلُوبَ فَرِيقٍ مِنْهُمْ ثُمَّ تَابَ عَلَيْهِمْ إِنَّهُ بِهِمْ رَءُوفٌ رَحِيمٌ (117)

- 1- Battle of Honain
- 2- Battle of (AL-Osra) Tabook (Hardship)